

AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT (ARPA)

General Information

- The purpose of ARPA is to keep people from getting sick and to build a solid base for enduring economic recovery.
- Amount Anticipated (rounded)
 - o Local Share: \$496,000
 - Our portion of County Funds: \$921,000
- Funds must be obligated between March 3, 2021 and December 31, 2026
- Project complete on or before December 31, 2026
- To be eligible for consideration, a project or use must:
 - \circ Respond to a problem caused by COVID-19
 - o Be related to water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure
 - Consider-Will the project or use be subject to attack because it is perceived of as unfair, inappropriate or unnecessary?

Specific Ineligible Uses

- Pension Fund contributions
- o No 'Rainy Day Fund' contributions



Eligible Activities/Primary Uses

- 1. Support Public Health Response
 - a. Public communication efforts
 - b. Support for prevention, mitigation, or other services in congregate living facilities
 - c. Ventilation improvements in congregate settings, health care settings, or other key locations
 - d. Enhancement of public health data systems
 - e. Other public health responses
 - f. Capital investments in public facilities to meet pandemic operational needs are also eligible, such as adaptations to public buildings to implement COVID-19 mitigation tactics.

2. Negative Economic Impacts

a. Assess whether, and to the extent, there has been an economic harm, such as loss of earnings or revenue, that resulted from the COVID-19 public health emergency and whether, and the extent, the use would address this harm.

Includes:

i. Impacts on Households and Individuals

- 1. Can provide food assistance, rent, mortgage, utility assistance, job training, and emergency assistance for burials, home repairs, weatherization, or other needs.
- ii. Impacts on Businesses and Non-profits
 - 1. Can provide loans or grants to mitigate financial hardship such as declines in revenues or impacts from closure;
 - 2. Loans or grants to implement COVID-19 prevention or mitigation tactics such as physical changes
 - 3. Technical assistance, counseling, or other services to assist with business planning needs
 - 4. Ex. Street-scaping



iii. Impacts to State and Local Governments

- 1. Tourism, travel, and hospitality
- 2. Improvements to ventilation, physical barriers or partitions
- 3. Signage to facilitate social distancing, mask guidance, etc

iv. Exacerbation of Pre-existing Disparities

- 1. Services to address homelessness such as supportive housing, and to improve access to stable, affordable housing
- 2. Educational Disparities such as childcare, scholarships, educational benefits for town employees or Foster residents.

3. Premium Pay for Essential Workers

- a. Up to \$13/hour in addition to wages or payment the worker otherwise receives not to exceed \$25,000 per eligible worker
- b. The payment may be made in a lump sum
- c. May include volunteers assuming the base wage is \$0

4. General Government Services

- a. Only to the extent that the Federal Funds replace ${\color{blue} Lost}$ ${\color{blue} Revenue}$
- b. The Final Rule provides broad latitude to use funds for the provision of government services. Government services can include, but are not limited to:
 - i. Police, fire, and other public safety services
 - ii. Infrastructure including roads
 - iii. Health services
 - iv. Cybersecurity, including hardware, software
 - v. Environmental remediation



- c. Ineligible Government Services
 - i. Paying interest of principal on outstanding debt
 - ii. Replenishing 'Rainy Day' or other reserve funds
 - iii. Pension contributions
 - iv. Anything else the government does NOT normally do should be carefully scrutinized because the judgment may include the question "why should they start doing it now?"

5. Investments in infrastructure

- a. Allowable services:
 - i. Water
 - ii. Sewer
 - iii. Broadband
 - iv. Low-income Housing
- b. Disallowed
 - i. Senior/Community Center
 - ii. Public Safety Facilities/Complex
 - iii. Roads/Sidewalks

